Chris	Coom
Calendar N	0.

through encybersecurity

AMEND	MENT	NO.	
-------	------	-----	--

Purpose: To modify section 5 to require DHS to review all cyber threat indicators and countermeasures in order to remove certain personal information.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES-114th Cong., 1st Sess.

S.754

AMENDMENT Nº 2552

I	By Coons and
7	To:
****	s. 754 inted
****	Page(s) GPO: 2014 91-623 (mac)
1	Beginning on page 21, strike line 23 and all that fol-
2	lows through page 31, line 5 and insert the following:
3	(3) Requirements concerning policies and
4	PROCEDURES.—Consistent with the guidelines re-
5	quired by subsection (b), the policies and procedures
6	developed and promulgated under this subsection
7	shall—
8	(A) ensure that cyber threat indicators
9	shared with the Federal Government by any en-
10	tity pursuant to section 4 that are received
11	through the process described in subsection (c)

1	of this section and that satisfy the requirements
2	of the guidelines developed under subsection
3	(b)—
4	(i) are shared in an automated man-
5	ner with all of the appropriate Federal en-
6	tities;
7	(ii) are not subject to any unnecessary
8	delay, interference, or any other action
9	that could impede receipt by all of the ap-
10	propriate Federal entities; and
11	(iii) may be provided to other Federal
12	entities;
13	(B) ensure that cyber threat indicators
14	shared with the Federal Government by any en-
15	tity pursuant to section 4 in a manner other
16	than the process described in subsection (c) of
17	this section—
18	(i) are shared as quickly as operation-
19	ally practicable with all of the appropriate
20	Federal entities;
21	(ii) are not subject to any unnecessary
22	delay, interference, or any other action
23	that could impede receipt by all of the ap-
24	propriate Federal entities; and

1	(iii) may be provided to other rederar
2	entities;
3	(C) consistent with this Act, any other ap-
4	plicable provisions of law, and the fair informa-
5	tion practice principles set forth in appendix A
6	of the document entitled "National Strategy for
7	Trusted Identities in Cyberspace" and pub-
8	lished by the President in April 2011, govern
9	the retention, use, and dissemination by the
10	Federal Government of cyber threat indicators
11	shared with the Federal Government under this
12	Act, including the extent, if any, to which such
13	cyber threat indicators may be used by the Fed-
14	eral Government; and
15	(D) ensure there is—
16	(i) an audit capability; and
17	(ii) appropriate sanctions in place for
18	officers, employees, or agents of a Federal
19	entity who knowingly and willfully conduct
20	activities under this Act in an unauthor-
21	ized manner.
22	(4) Guidelines for entities sharing cyber
23	THREAT INDICATORS WITH FEDERAL GOVERN-
24	MENT.—

1	(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days
2	after the date of the enactment of this Act, the
3	Attorney General shall develop and make pub-
4	licly available guidance to assist entities and
5	promote sharing of cyber threat indicators with
6	Federal entities under this Act.
7	(B) Contents.—The guidelines developed
8	and made publicly available under subpara-
9	graph (A) shall include guidance on the fol-
10	lowing:
11	(i) Identification of types of informa-
12	tion that would qualify as a cyber threat
13	indicator under this Act that would be un-
14	likely to include personal information of or
15	identifying a specific person not necessary
16	to describe or identify a cyber security
17	threat.
18	(ii) Identification of types of informa-
19	tion protected under otherwise applicable
20	privacy laws that are unlikely to be nec-
21	essary to describe or identify a cybersecu-
22	rity threat.
23	(iii) Such other matters as the Attor-
24	ney General considers appropriate for enti-

24

25

ties sharing cyber threat indicators with 1 Federal entities under this Act. 2 (b) PRIVACY AND CIVIL LIBERTIES.— 3 (1) Guidelines of attorney general.—Not 4 later than 60 days after the date of the enactment 5 of this Act, the Attorney General shall, in coordina-6 tion with heads of the appropriate Federal entities 7 and in consultation with officers designated under 8 section 1062 of the National Security Intelligence 9 Reform Act of 2004 (42 U.S.C. 2000ee-1), develop, 10 submit to Congress, and make available to the public 11 12 interim guidelines relating to privacy and civil liberties which shall govern the receipt, retention, use, 13 and dissemination of cyber threat indicators by a 14 Federal entity obtained in connection with activities 15 16 authorized in this Act. 17 (2) Final guidelines.— (A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 18 days after the date of the enactment of this 19 20 Act, the Attorney General shall, in coordination with heads of the appropriate Federal entities 21 and in consultation with officers designated 22 under section 1062 of the National Security In-23

telligence Reform Act of 2004 (42 U.S.C.

2000ee-1) and such private entities with indus-

1	try expertise as the Attorney General considers
2	relevant, promulgate final guidelines relating to
3	privacy and civil liberties which shall govern the
4	receipt, retention, use, and dissemination of
5	cyber threat indicators by a Federal entity ob-
6	tained in connection with activities authorized
7	in this Act.
8	(B) Periodic Review.—The Attorney
9	General shall, in coordination with heads of the
10	appropriate Federal entities and in consultation
11	with officers and private entities described in
12	subparagraph (A), periodically review the guide-
13	lines promulgated under subparagraph (A).
14	(3) Content.—The guidelines required by
15	paragraphs (1) and (2) shall, consistent with the
16	need to protect information systems from cybersecu-
17	rity threats and mitigate cybersecurity threats—
18	(A) limit the impact on privacy and civil
19	liberties of activities by the Federal Government
20	under this Act;
21	(B) limit the receipt, retention, use, and
22	dissemination of cyber threat indicators con-
23	taining personal information of or identifying
24	specific persons, including by establishing—

1	(i) a process for the timely destruction
2	of such information that is known not to
3	be directly related to uses authorized under
4	this Act; and
5	(ii) specific limitations on the length
6	of any period in which a cyber threat indi-
7	cator may be retained;
8	(C) include requirements to safeguard
9	cyber threat indicators containing personal in-
10	formation of or identifying specific persons
11	from unauthorized access or acquisition, includ-
12	ing appropriate sanctions for activities by offi-
13	cers, employees, or agents of the Federal Gov-
14	ernment in contravention of such guidelines;
15	(D) include procedures for notifying enti-
16	ties and Federal entities if information received
17	pursuant to this section is known or determined
18	by a Federal entity receiving such information
19	not to constitute a cyber threat indicator;
20	(E) protect the confidentiality of cyber
21	threat indicators containing personal informa-
22	tion of or identifying specific persons to the
23	greatest extent practicable and require recipi-
24	ents to be informed that such indicators may

1	only be used for purposes authorized under this
2	Act; and
3	(F) include steps that may be needed so
4	that dissemination of cyber threat indicators is
5	consistent with the protection of classified and
6	other sensitive national security information.
7	(c) Capability and Process Within the Depart-
8	MENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY.—
9	(1) In general.—Not later than 90 days after
10	the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary
11	of Homeland Security, in coordination with the
12	heads of the appropriate Federal entities, shall de-
13	velop and implement a capability and process within
14	the Department of Homeland Security that—
15	(A) shall accept from any entity in real
16	time cyber threat indicators and defensive
17	measures, pursuant to this section;
18	(B) shall, upon submittal of the certifi-
19	cation under paragraph (2) that such capability
20	and process fully and effectively operates as de-
21	scribed in such paragraph, be the process by
22	which the Federal Government receives cyber
23	threat indicators and defensive measures under
24	this Act that are shared by a private entity with
25	the Federal Government through electronic mail

1	or media, an interactive form on an Internet
2	website, or a real time, automated process be-
3	tween information systems except—
4	(i) communications between a Federal
5	entity and a private entity regarding a pre-
6	viously shared cyber threat indicator; and
7	(ii) communications by a regulated en-
8	tity with such entity's Federal regulatory
9	authority regarding a cybersecurity threat;
10	(C) shall require the Department of Home-
11	land Security to review all cyber threat indica-
12	tors and defensive measures received and re-
13	move any personal information of or identifying
14	a specific person not necessary to identify or
15	describe the cybersecurity threat before sharing
16	such indicator or defensive measure with appro-
17	priate Federal entities;
18	(D) ensures that all of the appropriate
19	Federal entities receive in an automated man-
20	ner such cyber threat indicators as quickly as
21	operationally possible from the Department of
22	Homeland Security;
23	(E) is in compliance with the policies, pro-
24	cedures, and guidelines required by this section;
25	and

1	(F) does not limit or prohibit otherwise
2	lawful disclosures of communications, records,
3	or other information, including—
4	(i) reporting of known or suspected
5	criminal activity, by an entity to any other
6	entity or a Federal entity;
7	(ii) voluntary or legally compelled par-
8	ticipation in a Federal investigation; and
9	(iii) providing cyber threat indicators
10	or defensive measures as part of a statu-
11	tory or authorized contractual requirement.
12	(2) Certification.—Not later than 10 days
13	prior to the implementation of the capability and
14	process required by paragraph (1), the Secretary of
15	Homeland Security shall, in consultation with the
16	heads of the appropriate Federal entities, certify to
17	Congress whether such capability and process fully
18	and effectively operates—
19	(A) as the process by which the Federal
20	Government receives from any entity a cyber
21	threat indicator or defensive measure under this
22	Act; and
23	(B) in accordance with the policies, proce-
24	dures, and guidelines developed under this sec-
25	tion.

1	(3) Public Notice and Access.—The Sec-
2	retary of Homeland Security shall ensure there is
3	public notice of, and access to, the capability and
4	process developed and implemented under paragraph
5	(1) so that—
6	(A) any entity may share cyber threat indi-
7	cators and defensive measures through such
8	process with the Federal Government; and
9	(B) all of the appropriate Federal entities
10	receive such cyber threat indicators and defen-
11	sive measures as quickly as operationally prac-
12	ticable with receipt through the process within
13	the Department of Homeland Security.